Fundamentals of Dermoscopy

When
Saturday, April 13th 2019 at 8am-3pm

Where
676 North Saint Clair Street, Suite 1600 (16th Floor)

More information
Course Overview
This one day course is designed to give attendees an overview of dermoscopy and common dermoscopic patterns to help them better identify and better diagnose benign and malignant melanocytic neoplasms.

Target Audience
This educational activity is designed for dermatology attendings, residents, medical students and physician’s assistants interested in dermoscopy.

Featuring

Pedram Gerami, MD
Course Director
Professor of Dermatology, Pathology and Pediatrics
Northwestern University Feinberg School of Medicine
8:00 am - 9:00 am
Registration and light breakfast

9:00 am – 9:10 am
Welcome and Introduction
Dr. Pedram Gerami

9:15 am – 10:00 am
Melanocytic nevi
Dr. Pedram Gerami

10:00 am - 10:45 am
Melanoma
Dr. Mary Martini

10:45 am - 11:00 am Break

11:00 am - 11:30 am
Amelanotic and Hypomelanotic Lesions
Dr. Pedram Gerami

11:30 am - 12:00 pm
Unknowns
Dr. Mary Martini

12:00 pm - 12:50 pm Lunch

1:00 pm - 1:45 pm
Nonmelanocytic Lesions
Dr. Mary Martini

2:00 pm - 2:30 pm
Shiny White Streaks in Melanocytic Neoplasms
Dr. Pedram Gerami

2:30 pm - 3:00 pm
Unknowns
Dr. Pedram Gerami

3:00 pm
Closing remarks and Adjournment
Accreditation Statement
The Northwestern University Feinberg School of Medicine is accredited by the Accreditation Council for Continuing Medical Education (ACCME) to provide continuing medical education for physicians.

Credit Designation Statement
The Northwestern University Feinberg School of Medicine designates this live activity for a maximum of 4.25 AMA PRA Category 1 Credit(s)™. Physicians should claim only the credit commensurate with the extent of their participation in the activity.

Course Objectives:
1. Recognize common dermoscopic structures seen in early cases of melanoma.
2. Identify patterns of benign nevi including common nevi, congenital nevi, dysplastic nevi, spitz nevi and acral nevi.
3. Identify dermoscopic patterns of basal cell, squamous cell, actinic keratosis, dermatofibromas, and common adnexal tumors.